

Wexler Decl.

Exhibit F

Written statement from Hideaki Tsuburaya,
dated February 26, 2013

(English translation)

Written Statement

1. I, Hideaki Tsuburaya was borne on September 26th 1959 as the second son of Mr. Hajime Tsuburaya. My father, Hajime, was the eldest son of Mr. Eiji Tsuburaya who was the original founder of Tsuburaya Productions co., Ltd that created Ultraman movie series. (The name of the company when it was founded in 1963 was "Tsuburaya special effects production co., Ltd", hereafter referred as "TPC") and has become the successor of Mr. Eiji Tsuburaya and the company president in 1970. He has deceased in the year 1973 and after that his younger brother Noboru has assumed the company president position for 22 years until his death in the year 1995. I became TPC's managing director in January of 2003 and, later succeeded Mr. Masahiro Tsuburaya and became TPC's representative director and president. However, Tsuburaya family was experiencing internal disputes among the members and, due to the lack of possessing enough company shares, I was released of my position as the company president in May of 2005.

2. TPC has filed a lawsuit against Mr. Sompote Saenguenchai in Thailand in the year 1997 regarding the copyright of Ultraman movies and its exploitation right. They also filed similar lawsuit in Japan in the year 1999 and TPC has received unfavorable judgment from Tokyo district court in May of 2003 then the same judgment from the appeal court of Tokyo high court in December, finally the supreme court of Japan dismissed TPC's appeal in April 2004. As a consequence, under the Japanese laws, it was decisively concluded that Mr. Sompote owns exclusive exploitation right of Ultraman works outside the country of Japan. The explanation given by the Japanese court was that, although the validity of the signature signed by Mr. Noboru Tsuburaya in the contract document, so called "The contract of 1976", was not conclusively verified, but the seal stamped by the company president Noboru Tsuburaya of Tsuburaya Enterprise co., Ltd has been proved to be genuine. At that time, he was the representative director of TPC, and the record showed that Tsuburaya Enterprise was licensing broadcasting right of Ultraman to other companies. Also, there was no clear distinction in their business activities between TPC and Tsuburaya Enterprise, therefore the contract of 1976 was acknowledged to be a binding contract formed among TPC, Tsuburaya Enterprise, and Mr. Sompote.

3. On the other hand, in Thailand, Thai international commerce and intellectual property court has delivered a judgment to acknowledge Mr. Sompote's rights in April 2000, however the supreme court of Thailand

has withdrawn the previous judgment in February 2008 and dismissed Mr. Sompote's rights stating that the signature of Mr. Noboru Tsuburaya in the contract of 1976 was a forged signature. The court has reversed the judgment and declared that TPC owns all the rights and this ruling has become the final conclusion.

4. In this lawsuit in Thailand, TPC has selected Baker McKenzie Bangkok office to be their representative attorney and TPC was making payments for their legal services. However, in addition to the attorney fees, TPC has signed on the agreement to pay 15 million baht, under the title of nominal loan, for behind the scenes manipulation of the Thai court plus 10 million baht as success fee to the attorney Mr. Manasu (TPC called him Mr. M instead of using his real name) who was a legal adviser long before I became the president and had great influential power over the people in the Thai court. TPC has already made the payment of 15 million baht to the law firm as agreed. It appeared to me that Mr. Manasu never represented their clients by himself but assumed the leadership for other attorneys and litigations. Meanwhile, after the lost litigation at the Japanese High Court in 2004, Mr. Manasu made a demand to TPC to immediately pay the 10 million baht success fee and, over more, added 20 million baht to his demand. On April 7th of the same year, at the rented room in Tokyo Imperial Hotel, TPC's managing director Mr. Naoyuki Eto, the chief of general affairs department Mr. Ken Fukui, the chief of international office Mr. Atsushi Saito, and I secretly met with Mr. Manasu and attorney Mr. Rachai of Baker McKenzie and had a conversation. Mr. Manasu told us that the additional payment was necessary to deal with the situation in the litigation and he guaranteed that the additional money would be used to produce favorable judgment to TPC. Because the amount of requested money was extremely high and we knew that the money would never be returned to us, although the title of this expenditure was a loan, we temporally agreed to consider his request but could not give definite answer to him. We came back to Japan and discussed the situation in company meetings. The litigation in Japan was a conclusive loss and TPC needed to avoid another defeat in Thailand at any cost. Therefore, we sent our decision to comply his request by email to attorney Rachai on June 11, and after that, Mr. Saito carried out the process to transfer the money to the bank account in Hong Kong. As I recall personally, I can only remember the transfer of 10 million baht and I have no further knowledge of payments made to them because I was released of my position as the company president shortly after.

4. I still have in my hands the report document made by the chief of

international office Mr. Saito describing the situation in Thailand and the copy of the email that was sent to attorney Mr. Chichai, therefore I will attach those documents to this written statement.

5. As I explained above, TPC has paid at least 25 million baht to Mr. Manasu other than the legitimate attorney fee to Baker McKenzie law firm regarding the Ultraman litigation in Thailand in order to facilitate behind the scenes maneuvering to influence Thai court. People at TPC, in the end, decided that they did not need to know, or anyone should know, how the transferred money was used and by whom. Later that time, the supreme court of Thailand has delivered a judgment in favor of TPC in February 2008 as described above.

6. I publicly state that everything written above is true fact and place my signature on this written statement to be official, also I am willing to give my testimony at the court room in China.

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